

May 4th to May 11th

Easy Coat Paint Week

Bring in your coupons and save
money on "Easy Coat".

J. L. ACHESON
EVERYTHING IN HARDWARE

John Deere
Farm Machinery

DeLaval Milkens and
Cream Separators

DON'T BLUNDER - USE LUMBER

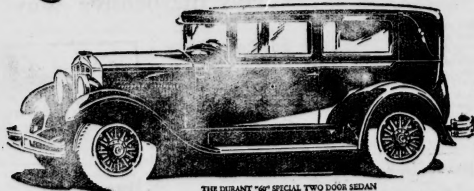
If you are interested in a new home or building call and see our new house plan books. Estimates cheerfully furnished on anything you may require in building materials. Our stock is very complete. All kinds of dry lumber in sheds for interior work.

Coal and Wood always on hand.

**BEAVER LUMBER
COMPANY LIMITED**
IN YOUR TOWN
AND A HUNDRED OTHERS

DEVOTED TO QUALITY

THE
DURANT
"60"



THE DURANT "60" SPECIAL TWO DOOR SEDAN

Prove Durant Quality Yourself!



Red Seal Continental Motor
Exterior Four Wheel Drives
Motor Silent Timing Chain
Full Force Feed Lubrication

Passenger Cars
Fours and Sixes
from \$675 to \$2095
Inc., Leaside, Ont.
Standard Factory Equipment
Excess Extra

YOU see the attractiveness of a Durant car as it passes down the street.... you hear about its economical service from the owner.... you become interested when his testimony is so often repeated by other owners.

There is a Durant car awaiting your inspection at your local dealer's; also the opportunity of verifying what you have seen and heard by taking it out, yourself.

Make your comparisons, today!

SOLE BY
DURANT MOTORS OF CANADA LIMITED
TORONTO CANADA

DURANT

RUGBY TRUCKS IN 1/2 TON TO 1 1/2 TON CAPACITIES.

THOMAS LEES - DEALER - OYEN, ALBERTA

"Wild Geese"

The Famous \$13,500 Prize Novel
by Martha Oates

A vivid, compelling, realistic, convincing story of life in the bleak farm lands on the northern fringe of cultivation. It is a masterpiece of literary construction and craftsmanship. Caleb Gare, prosperous farmer of Oelund, holds his entire family in thrall to the power of his single-minded personality—they are merely slaves in the service of his great mistress the soil, and his one passion is the lust for land, and more land.

Even the most minor character is distinctly drawn, and yet this is more than a story of the Gare family. It is an epic of the northern frontier of Canadian farm lands. The life of a whole community is recreated in its pages. Its living characters move against a background of wild stark beauty.

WILD GEESSE is the novel that won for a Canadian girl first place in a competing field of some 1500 manuscripts.

The motion picture, "Wild Geese" will be shown in Oyen Theatre under the auspices of Oyen Ladies Aid, on Wednesday, May 8, 1929. 2 showings, 4:30 and 8:30 p.m. Adults 75 cents. Children 25 cents. Don't miss it.

For Sale—Second hand tractors. 10-20 Titan. 16-30 Hart Parr. Cash or terms.—W. V. Miller.

M. D. Golden Centre

The second meeting of council of the M. D. of Golden Centre No. 372, was held at N.E. 13 30.5-W. 4, on Saturday April 13, 1929.

Members all present.

Oath of office taken by Councilor Jorgenson.

Council called to order by Reeve and business transacted as follows:

Minutes read and confirmed.

Correspondence read and disposed of.

One ten foot maintainer was ordered from the Richardson Road Machinery Co., to be given to the N.E. district.

Grant of \$100 was made the salvation Army and a grant of \$50 was made the Canadian Red Cross.

The N.W.-15-29-5 was sold to L. T. Surles and the E.-17-27-30-4 was sold to G. A. Aitken and S.W.-31-29-4 to G. G. Klassen.

Dept. of Municipal Affairs advised that a new assessment was required in 1929 and Ralph Greene was appointed assessor.

Application was made to the Dept. of Public Works to earn a Capital Grant of \$1500.00 and Income Grant of \$1200.00.

Current expenditures were estimated at \$17,018.00 and the levy for General Municipal Taxes was fixed at 5 mills on the dollar.

J. O. Cottrell was appointed Auditor at a fee of \$100.00.

The Secretary was allowed to move the Municipal Office to Sedalia.

Financial Statement to April 1, was read and accepted.

The following accounts were paid: P. C. Hoard, 10.00; B. Morris, 18.00; P. C. Hoard, 21.00; Ed. Stewart, 17.25; John Dahl, 18.00; and A. Jorgenson, 10.00; B. Morris expense of seed grain interview, 3.00; Thos. Barker, Returning Officer, 10.00; McConnell R.D., rent of booth, 5.00; Mrs. O. Michaels, rent, 6.00; Ralph Greene, bailiff fees, 18.75, office expenses, 20.00, telephone tolls, 5.55, and salary for March, 193.36; E. E. O'Connor, for 5.00; United Typewriter Co., cleaning and repairing Adding machine and Typewriter, 36.00; Royal Bank, 3,000 cheques, 13.51; J. C. Cottrell, Ins. Premium on equipment, 13.00; D. C. Day, hardware, 1.55; George Hallett, road work, 15.00; J. A. Waterhouse, one dozen pencils 1.50.

Council adjourned to meet on Saturday, June 1, 1929, at the N.E.13 30 5-4, at 10 a.m.

Ralph Greene, Sec.-Treas.

Poultry Management

By Alex. Taylor Hatchery, Winnipeg

Of the three phases of Poultry Raising—Feeding, Breeding and Management, there is no doubt that Feeding is commercially most important and to be really profitable one must have a well Bred-to-Lay Flock, take good care of them, feed good feed and keep the Poultry House sanitary. Low average egg production is undoubtedly due to feeding them entirely on whole grain. Hens fed on grain and given all they want and allowed free range, average fifty eggs per year. Biologically tested mash has produced 300 egg hens at a small additional cost above grain fed hens. The objects of feeding are to maintain the body in good health, to promote the most rapid and efficient growth to obtain maximum egg production. A hen requires from 75 to 90 pounds of feed per year: 60 to 80 per cent goes to body maintenance.

(Continued on Supplement)

Carload of Groceries To Arrive Friday

Get our list for special prices. Your larger needs replenishing. Our price on sugar will remind you of your childhood days.

Tomatoes

The next two weeks will be Tomato week with us.
6 tins of Tomatoes for .. 1.00
Per case, best quality .. 3.45

Car of Salt

Car of Salt to arrive any day now. For two weeks only our price on white Block Salt will be 60 cents

Ladies Coats and Dresses

A beautiful line of Ladies Coats and Dresses. A very large assortment of Dress lengths at moderate prices.

S. A. MILLER

Operating the Child's Saving Plan



CHRYSLER CARS

"CHRYSLER PLYMOUTH"
in four-door Sedans and Coupes.
also CHRYSLER "SIX"

These are the most beautiful cars ever shipped in to Oyen. You owe it to yourself to see them.

—Let us demonstrate—

One second hand Ford Car—and one second hand Chevrolet—both 1928 models—slightly used—for sale.

Geo. A. Morrison

Oyen Theatre

FRIDAY-SATURDAY, MAY 3-4

"The Foreign Legion"

A Universal Picture
WITH NORMAN KERRY—LEWIS STONE
MARY NOLAN AND JUNE MARLOWE

Monday-Tuesday May 6-7

"The Blockade"

TUESDAY NIGHT, FAMILY NIGHT

Wednesday, May 8. "WILD GEESSE"

Under auspices of Ladies Aid
Two showings. 4:30 p.m. and 8:30 p.m. Adults 75c

Friday-Saturday May 10-11

"That's My Daddy"

TO READJUST CAPITALIZATION OF THE C. N. R.

Ottawa.—For the first time since the creation of the National Railway system, the government of the day, through a responsible minister, pledged itself to the policy of readjusting the capitalization of the public owned railway.

In the special committee of the House of Commons which deals with accounts of the National Railways, this question was discussed, and Hon. Charles A. Dunning, minister of railways, stated unequivocally that he regarded the recapitalization of the system as being of "very great importance" and that the government desired at the earliest possible moment to deal with it.

Curiously enough, opposition to the recapitalization of the National Railways arose immediately from Conservative members of the committee. R. B. Hanson, Conservative member for York-Sunbury, who has taken a leading part in the work of the committee, at one time asserted that the carrying out of such a policy would bring demands for reductions in rates. He thought this was a very strong argument against any action being taken.

Mr. Dunning and Sir Henry Thornton, however, held a different view of the recapitalization, pointing out the innumerable advantages which would follow and asserting that only in this way could Parliament deal justly with the able and conscientious officials who are endeavoring to make the system a completely successful one. He found that their best efforts avail nothing in overcoming the needs of a huge, unwieldy and unjustifiable capitalization.

Mr. Dunning introduced the subject and in the course of his remarks made it quite clear that the action probably would have been taken this session had it not been for the intervention of joint shareholders of the old Grand Trunk and others who are seeking the right to sue the government for compensation on account of their securities.

He failed to inform the committee as to whether or not the government would permit these shareholders to take action in the courts, but it is commonly believed that a suit will be issued and the case carried to the privy council.

Increase in Manufacturing

Products Of Prairie Plants Last Year Much Greater

Winnipeg.—Manufactured products of the prairies during the past year exceeded the sum of \$30,000,000 in value, according to J. W. Ackland, retiring chairman of the prairie division of the Canadian manufacturers' Association, at the annual meeting of the association.

Utilization of the mineral wealth of northern Manitoba during the past year, however, was small. The oil, coal, iron, and exploitation of Alberta's oil resources promise tremendous increases in the industrial output in the three central provinces, he stated.

Starts Schedule May 19

Winnipeg, Man.—The Confederation Canadian National Railways crash passenger train operating from Toronto to Vancouver by way of Winnipeg, Regina, Saskatoon, and Edmonton, will go into service on May 19 from the east and on May 21 from the west. This train will replace the National which in the winter months runs between Toronto and Winnipeg.

Receives Fellowship

Saskatoon, Sask.—Dr. William Allen, professor of agricultural economics at the University of Saskatchewan, has had a fellowship conferred on him which will meet the expenses of attending a conference of agricultural economists to be held during August in Devonshire, England.

Spain Guards Against Plague

Madrid.—A royal decree has been issued forbidding the importation of all classes of fresh fruit, plants and trees from Canada, the United States, Japan and New Zealand. The action was taken as a defence measure against insect plague.

Cable Is Restored

Halifax, N.S.—The Halifax and Bermuda cable, which has been down for some time, has been restored, re-establishing direct communication between Canada, the British West Indies, via Bermuda.

W. N. U. 1783

Win Empire Competition

King's Trophy In Rifle Match Goes To South African Cadet

Ottawa, Ont.—Cadets from South Africa won the King's trophy in the rifle match in 1928, which was participated in by 35,000 boys from all parts of the Empire. Canadian cadets won this trophy in 1927, and finished second in 1928. The results have just been made public by the National Rifle Association.

Commenting on Canada's performance in the National Rifle Association report says: "Not only do our cadets possess many more brilliant individual shots than any other country but she has a limited number of units capable of achieving very special distinction. When mass efficiency becomes the principal object of the many and fewer low scores have to be included in her national team, the premier prize, the King's trophy will return to the Dominion."

While Canadian boys have lost the King's trophy they have had other remarkable successes in the match. They won 52 medals in the individual category, 10 of which were awarded for scores of 90 and 100 points, and 152 bronze medals for scores of 87 and 88. The rest of the empire combined won a total of only 123 of these medals.

Will Perform Election Duties

King George Desires To Carry Out Royal Functions

Bognor, Sussex, England.—The steady progress being made by the King in permitting the drafting of the bill for future functions, and there is every prospect that they will be carried out. Transfer of the court from Bognor to Windsor Castle before White Sunday, May 10, is contemplated in view of His Majesty's expressed desire to carry out the usual royal functions connected with a general election. The King will remain at Windsor Castle until the political situation permits him to go to Sandringham in Norfolk, where the east coast sea air has always agreed with His Majesty. It has been suggested that a "thanksgiving service for the King's recovery" should be held in Westminster Abbey at the end of July, with similar services in other large cities.

Convict Train Travels West

Seventy Prisoners Are Sent To Stony Mountain Penitentiary

Winnipeg.—The convict train, bearing 170 prisoners from Kingston, Ont., to western penitentiaries, reached here recently. Seventy prisoners were immediately transferred to Stony Mountain penitentiary, a fifty miles north of Winnipeg, while the remainder will be sent on their westward journey to Prince Albert penitentiary. The convict train consisted of four steel coaches, the windows of which were heavily barred. Guards armed with rifles, were aboard the train. As a pioneer on the edge of the prairie, the train was escorted by provincial policemen, also armed with rifles, and a mounted police force. The journey from the penitentiary at Kingston was uneventful, according to the prison guards.

Lucky Gold Strike

Ontario Farmer Makes Discovery While Digging For Holes

Matheson, Ont.—W. Rhoades, Beatty township farmer, has just finished digging a \$60,000 gold hole. As a pioneer on the edge of the northern prairie, he decided to fence in more of his property. He started dynamite to dig his post holes. The first blast uncovered free gold. Rhoades sold the hole for \$60,000 cash and a large interest in the property.

Large Liners Projected

London, England.—The Cunard line is considering the construction of two new trans-Atlantic vessels which would be the largest in the world. It was stated on reliable authority. The liners would have a displacement of 75,000 tons, length of more than 1,000 feet and breadth of more than 100 feet. They would be equipped with 150,000 horsepower engines.

Message For American People

San Francisco, Calif.—Sir Robin- drahag, Indian poet, who is touring the prairie, sailed aboard the liner "Thylo" for India, via Hong Kong. His final words to the American public were the expression of a wish that his people "would rise above indignities and make to us impart some beauty to the utter ugliness of the industrialization of the West."

Airmen Killed At Toronto

Machine Went Out Of Control and Crashed Near Flying Field

Toronto.—Noot Marshall and William Mackenzie, residents of Toronto, were killed when their aeroplane went out of control and crashed near the Leaside flying field.

It was reported that Mackenzie who had but recently been granted a pilot's certificate, was in charge of the Gypsy Moth plane, with Marshall, a qualified pilot, as a passenger. The plane was said to have been but 150 feet from the ground when it went out of control and crashed with such force the engine buried itself.

Calendar Expert At Ottawa

M. R. Cutworth Discussed Matters With Government Members

Ottawa.—To aid in the suggested establishment of a national calendar reform and its effect on the Dominion, M. R. Cutworth, of Rochester, N.Y., originator of the 13-month calendar idea, made a preliminary visit to Ottawa. Mr. Cutworth conferred with Dr. O. D. Skelton, secretary of state for external affairs, and H. H. Coats, Dominion statistician, respecting his proposition.

ITALY DEMANDS EQUALITY AS TO NAVAL POWER

Genoa.—The problem of naval parity between France and Italy loomed out as a reef which might imperil the success of any five-power naval conference to reduce armaments.

Premier Mussolini is reported here as firm as a rock in demanding parity for Italy with France, both on land and sea, while France, on the other hand, is said to be anxious to fail to see the justice of such demands.

France thinks her communications with her extensive colonial possessions and her maritime open to two oceans are sufficient reasons for having naval forces superior to Italy's.

This problem of satisfying Italy at least on paper is worrying delegates to the preparatory disarmament conference. Some are beginning to worry whether a real advance on the naval problem could not best be made by establishing first of all an understanding between the United States and Great Britain.

The Associated Press correspondent has received the impression that France will place no obstacle in the way of such a preliminary understanding if it did not affect her position in relation to other continental powers.

In recent days other continental powers, Italy, have expressed their enthusiastic approval of the speech of Hugh R. Gibson recently, because it gave a magnanimous impetus to reduction in armaments as a whole.

This personality explained that France desired to have no reduction in armaments and hoped that delegates would even be able to submit a draft treaty to the September assembly of the League of Nations, thus permitting an international conference by 1930. This would involve a second session of the preparatory disarmament commission during the present summer, until which time he thought the naval question had better be adjourned.

MORE NORSEMEN FOR THE WEST

British Election In May

London, England.—Premier Baldwin announced in the House of Commons recently the prorogation and dissolution of parliament for May 10, notwithstanding the fact that the naval question had better be adjourned on May 20, and polling on May 30.

This photograph was taken at Winnipeg after the arrival of the first immigrant special train this season, over the Canadian National Railways, March 20. There were 200 blond-headed Scandinavians in a total of 360 arrivals, which included 22 British settlers. Two trains, which followed the first special a day later, brought the total of new-comers up to nearly one thousand. At least half were Scandinavians. All the immigrants have been placed by the Canadian National Railways' Colonization Department.

A CHARMING PRINCESS



Princess Ingrid, only daughter of the Crown Prince Gustaf Adolf, of Sweden, whose engagement to the Crown Prince Frederick, of Denmark, has been reported from Stockholm.

Answers King's Message

Viscount Willington Sends Reply On Behalf Of Dominion

Ottawa.—On behalf of the Canadian people, His Excellency Viscount Willington, governor-general of Canada, dispatched a message to His Majesty the King, in which he expressed his joy over the "glad tidings" contained in the affectionate cable sent by His Majesty to his subjects throughout the Empire.

The message follows: "Your Majesty's word will be received with the greatest joy and gladness by your loyal people of Canada on whose behalf I beg very respectfully to thank you for the glad tidings contained in your beautiful message. During the past months we have been filled with anxiety and sympathy over your Majesty's serious illness. We can now rejoice that your Majesty is well and strong and that his recovery has been relieved from the strain of anxiety which has enlisted our deepest sympathy. We trust before long to have the opportunity of joining with all your Majesty's subjects throughout the Empire in a prayer of thanksgiving for your recovery and in a profound hope that your Majesty's illness may speedily pass and your Majesty may reign over your loyal and devoted subjects."

Succeeds Lord Revelstoke as head of the British delegation at the conference on reparations. Lord Revelstoke died suddenly on April 10, worried by the committee's abortive attempts to reach some settlement of the tangled problem of German payments.

Gibson's Proposals.—Genoa.—It was understood here that Ambassador Hugh R. Gibson, American spokesman at the preparatory disarmament conference, would prepare a memorandum outlining United States disarmament proposals and hand this later to delegates of the great powers.

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Germany Wants Aerial Bombs Abolished

But Objections Were Raised By Several Countries

Geneva.—The German proposal to abolish the use of aerial bombs in warfare was defeated before the League's preparatory commission of disarmament. Only five countries were in its favor—Germany, Sweden, Holland, China and Japan. Those against it, including Canada, the U.S. and Great Britain, registered their objections with a rider that a negative vote was not to be interpreted as in any way authorizing the use of aerial bombs against civil populations.

Count Von Bernstorff, of Germany, pointed out the toll that could be exacted by bombing planes over Paris, Berlin and London, and said that this method of warfare was horrible and cowardly, because the combatants were protected by defensive appliances.

F. Sokal, of Poland, said no one would reach the horror of such methods but the conference had not reached that point and under the Kellogg anti-war pact was not likely to do so. When the subject was outlived, it was logical to begin codifying rules of war, he remarked.

L. Litvinoff, of the Soviet, here interpreted that Lord Avon, among those who last year rejected the Russian proposals for complete abolition of armaments.

Agrees With Gibson's Speech

British Government Shares Views With U.S. On Disarmament

London, England.—Sir Austen Chamberlain, British foreign secretary, told the House of Commons today that the British government shares fully the hope and wishes of the United States government on disarmament as set forth in Ambassador Gibson's speech at Geneva.

"The government desired me to take this opportunity to express its warm appreciation of the course which has been followed by the American delegates and give assurance on its behalf that in the meantime and with the most earnest wish to reach a complete understanding it will consider the American suggestions," declared Sir Austen.

Sir Austen made his statement in answer to a question by Commander Joseph Kenworthy, Labor, whether the British government had been called to his attention and what response his Majesty's government proposed.

ANTI-SMUGGLING TREATY MAY GO TO ARBITRATION

Washington.—Terminating the diplomatic correspondence on the "Tin Alone" sinking, Canada replied to the United States rejoinder to the proposal for the sinking of Canadian guards' gun fire on the high seas, of the Canadian schooner suspected of smuggling against American liquor laws.

Hon. Vincent Massey, the Canadian minister, delivered to Secretary Henry L. Stimson, a note which is expected to reveal the Dominion's attitude to the "Tin Alone" case in particular, and the scope of the anti-smuggling treaty of 1924 in general.

It is generally accepted here that the United States wants the case to go to arbitration. It is expected Canada will accept. Arbitration probably will proceed under the provision of the 1924 treaty itself, which leaves dispute over the seizure of a ship to a tribunal composed of representatives of both countries.

Because of the whole question of the right of hot and continuous pursuit, under the treaty will be involved, the importance of the negotiations will transcend the single case of the "Tin Alone."

The British government is sitting back and letting Canada fight the case because a ship of Canadian registry. But the decision will affect some far-reaching questions of territorial waters, and United States claims the 12-mile limit specified in its own tariff act.

The treaty was signed by Great Britain and technically London would have the right to say who would represent the British Empire in the arbitration board. It is likely that the prominent Canadian will be appointed, however, and he will serve for the Empire.

It is suggested here that the former secretary of state, Frank B. Kellogg, may represent the United States.

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H.B. STRAITS ARE OPEN FOR FOUR MONTHS OF YEAR

Ottawa.—Hudson Strait will be safe for navigation for at least four months in the year. The report of the Hudson Strait expedition for 1927-28 tabled in the House of Commons gives the probable period as sufficient to allow of the start of the ice in November.

In his report N. B. McLean, officer in charge, says in part: "Taken July 19 as the opening date for the Strait, and November 16 when ice was first reported at Nottingham in 1927, as the closing date, we get a season of 120 days or practically four months, during which commercial vessels could have navigated the Strait without assistance of ice breakers."

A further indefinite period would be given with the season, with the use of ice breakers.

Some doubt is expressed in the report that two years' observations are sufficient to know to give an accurate statement on the length of the navigation season.

The extremes of temperature are given as 18 degrees Fahrenheit below zero at Nottingham in January, and 50 degrees above zero in July at Wabush Bay.

Pog was noted on 20 days and on 11 of these it was dense. Many icebergs were seen. They drifted down through the Strait, were carried west along the north shore by the current and eventually met the eastern end of the Strait, where they took them into the Atlantic.

Three direction finding stations in addition to those at Cape Hope, Advance, and Nottingham Island are recommended, and two ice-breakers, one based at Fort Churchill and the other at Wabush Bay, are considered as a suitable harbor in the Strait.

"The knowledge that an ice breakers is available if necessary," the report states, "gives confidence to masters, owners and shipping interests generally."

Other recommendations deal with charting the strait and providing a fuel base.

Observe Anzac Day

Canadian Commemorated Landing Of Troops At Gallipoli

Sydney, N.S.W.—Anzac Day, set aside to mark the famous landing of the Australians and New Zealand troops at Gallipoli, was celebrated with strong naval forces on April 25, 1915, was fittingly commemorated in Australia and New Zealand. The outbreak of the South Wales strike was the march of 20,000 ex-servicemen at Sydney.

At Ottawa, the Federal cabinet, an impressive memorial service was attended by Premier Stanley Bruce and his cabinet, while Lord Howe, governor-general of Australia, unveiled the commemorative stone of Australia's war memorial which will cost \$125,000.

Typhoid Fever At The Pias

Serious Epidemic Believed To Be Caused By Water

The Pias, Man.—Active measures to stamp out the outbreak of typhoid fever, which already has taken a toll of three lives, and stricken more than a score of persons in the little northern railway town at Mile 327, on the Hudson Bay Railway, are being taken. The outbreak is the town; all residents have been inoculated, and the water supply has been chlorinated. Impure water is believed to have caused the epidemic.

Twelve of the stricken, residents of the town have been conveyed to hospital. The Pias, while signs of recovery are shown, is still a hospital at Mile 327.

Organize Wheat Pool

Lincoln, Neb.—Wheat-raisers of Nebraska and Wyoming to the number of 200 have effected organization of a wheat pool, giving the name of the Middle West Market Association non-stock co-operative. The Pool was said to represent 15,000 acres of wheat in the two states and was declared to be the largest in the middle west.

Air Survey Completed

The Pias, Man.—Arriving here, Captain Charles Sutton, pilot, and party have just completed an air survey of the Hudson Strait. They took them to the northern wilds, far beyond Fort Churchill. Motion pictures of the northern scene were taken. This was the main objective of the journey.

Sale of Home Cooking and Afternoon Tea at the Vicarage on Saturday, May 11. Opens at 3 p.m.—Women's Guild of All Saints Church.

The interior of the B.C. cafe is being redecorated.

CLASSIFIED ADS.

FOR SALE—3rd generation Marquis wheat, grown from registered seed, 92 per cent 6 days, 94 per cent 12, G.T. \$1.10 per bushel. Good Banner Oats, 90 and 92 per cent, G.T. 70 cents per bushel. John Deere two drill tractor hitch, 1928, \$30.00. Massey-Harris drill tractor hitch, with trucks, 1928, \$25.00. 3 bottom P. and O. light engine gang, in good shape, \$90.00. B. F. Van Horne, Oyen, 929-4. (123)

FOR SALE—Barred Rock eggs. Bred to lay stock. \$1.00 per setting of 15 eggs. R. Cates, Oyen, Alta. Phone R1215. (ts)

FOR SALE—Second generation Marquis Seed Wheat. Thoroughly cleaned and eligible for registration. Major Strange's strain. Field crop inspected and registered by Canadian Seed Growers Association. Germination 98 per cent Government test. Apply: H. Briggs, two miles south of Benton.

LOST—One bay mare, weight about 1400 little white in face, one hind foot white. Hair brand R on left shoulder. \$5.00 reward for information leading to recovery. R. H. Richardson, Alask. Phone Sibbald 113.

LOST—1 black mare, (with halter), one black gelding, one bay gelding, and one buckskin mare, (all branded P on right shoulder—Dowker brand). One sorrel mare, (with halter). Hans Olson, Sunnyside. 30-25-5. (12)

WANTED—Housework wanted by experienced American girl. Call personally or write. Esther R. Bergstrom, Sedalia, Alta.

CLASSIFIED ADS GET RESULTS

Poultry Management

(Continued from page 1.)

A hen is expected to produce several times her weight in eggs in the course of a year and one that lays 200 two ounce eggs produces approximately 44 ounces of egg shells, that is one of the reasons why minerals play such an important part in poultry feeding. If the feed is not sufficient in mineral protein or carbohydrates the bird's system is unquestionably severely strained. The ration for a laying hen must include the necessary ingredients in the right amount to nourish all parts of the body and make eggs. She may lay for some time at the expense of her body tissues but ultimately the result is lower egg production and higher mortality. The materials that compose feeds are chemically classified as Carbohydrates, Fat, Protein, Ash and Water. The Carbohydrates and Fat consist essentially of carbon and water, that function is to supply heat, energy and fat for the body tissues also yolk for the egg. The Proteins form the flesh, feathers, tendons, blood and white of the egg. Proteins in the feed should be as nearly like the proteins forming the chicken and the egg as possible. Ash or Minerals play an exceedingly important part in Poultry Nutrition. A laying hen needs a large quantity of minerals and to feed a ration deficient in minerals will tend to have weak bones and tissues, look thin and is subject to disease. Large amounts of Calcium are required for bones, egg shells and tissues also quantities of phosphorus Sodium and Chlorine are required for blood, bones and tissues. If a hen is not given a sufficient quantity of minerals she will either stop

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Possible for thousands of Residents in Western Canada

SUGGESTIONS:

Jasper National Park,
Pacific Coast, Alaska,
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Overseas Tour.

IN arranging low fares for prairie residents, we regard this part of our work as a great and important public service... always ready with men, equipment plus the experience which enables us to care for any movement with smoothness and efficiency.

THIS summer—escape for a little while from the dull sameness of succeeding days. Our low fares from May 15 to Sept. 30 (with a final return limit Oct. 31, 1929) make it easy.

OUR trains pass through a territory replete with scenic grandeur; of historical and educational value to the traveller. Nothing superior to our sleeping and dining car service... Radio, an added feature on through trains.

THINK IT OVER!

Whatever vacation section you have in mind, our local agent will be pleased to give every assistance. He will be glad to quote lowest fares and make all arrangements for you—or write

J. MADILL, District Passenger Agent, Edmonton

CANADIAN NATIONAL

laying or decrease the size of the egg or produce weak shell-eggs. Feeding which consists of the birds consuming large quantities of mash gives them large quantities of minerals and are able to maintain body weight under the strain of heavy egg production.

The Cod Liver Meal and Oil in the mash not only supplies quantities of minerals but ensures full mineral nutrition to the other feeds in the mash also conditions the blood, strengthens the texture of the shell and health of the hen in winter and summer also during moulting season.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Peterson, of Oyen, on April 20, a son.

Readings on the local rain gauge total .41 inch for April. Practically all farmers report the land in good condition for seeding operations.

Mrs. Harry Rhys and family left last Sunday for Redlands, Alta., for a visit at the home of the former's parents.

Ladies!

Hair Dressing
in all the latest styles

By appointment if desired

Helen Gripp, Oyen

OYEN DRAY LINE

Motor Truck Service

Wheat Hauled

Water Delivered

—Leave orders early—

W. D. MORRELL

"Willie" asked the teacher, "what was it Sir Walter Raleigh said when he placed his cloak on the muddy road for the queen to walk over?"

Willie (inclined to modernistic) gazed about the class room in dismay, and then, taking a long chance, replied: "Step on it, kid!"

OYEN BILLIARD HALL

NOW UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT

Billiards - Snooker - Pool

Tobacco, Smokers' Accessories
Confectioneries and Soft Drinks

HENRI La BELLE, Proprietor

Survey Work and Mapping Methods As Carried On In Little Known North Country

Alberta is planning extensive exploration in its Peace River region, dominated in recent years to be rich in agricultural potentialities. Pioneering survey work of this character, once neglected and slow, has been carried out and immensely facilitated by the rapid development of aerial observation made possible by the growing mastery of air navigation and the consequent saving in time and cost. Mapping, in particular, has made vast strides from its first and crude beginnings, the maps now produced by the Dominion Department of the Interior revealing the progress made in securing accurate pictorial reproductions of the unknown sections of the country. An article in a recent issue of the Department's publication, *Natural Resources*, remarks that if one were to take Captain Back's map of the Great Slave River (now Backa river), as completed by him following his famous overland trip begun in 1883, it would be seen that only such rapid, full lines and islands are shown as could be seen while passing by in a canoe or going across a portage on foot. It does not include the information about the country lying back from the route travelled. Upon such surveys were based the earlier portions of some of the northern portions of Canada.

Immediately following Confederation, and for some years thereafter, the survey work of the Department of the Interior in Western Canada was primarily for the purpose of subdividing the land in anticipation of later settlement. These surveys were in accordance with a regular system, the initial lines for which were meridians and base lines. The meridians were, in general, laid down four degrees in longitude apart, and the base lines were twenty-four miles apart.

When these governing lines began to reach into the more wooded and little known areas of the north, an effort was made to gather sufficient information on each side of them to fill in the more important topographical details. The places where the governing lines intersected the more known features, such as rivers or other physical features, were noted. In addition, it was the duty of one of the men on the survey party, called the explorer, to travel over a strip twelve miles wide on each side of the governing line, noting the topography of the country through which he passed. The results as obtained from the line notes and the explorer's observations were compiled in the form of a map of a 24-mile wide strip. Outlined, these strips formed the best available map of the areas covered. They could not, under the circumstances, be extremely accurate or full of detail, and a surveyor who mapped, in this way, about 2,000 miles of territory could fairly feel that he had done a good season's work.

As an instance of the manner in which mapping methods as applied to this type of country have advanced in the last few years, one of the areas surveyed during the past season by the Topographical Survey of the Department, working in co-operation with the Royal Canadian Air Force, may be mentioned. This area lies, roughly speaking, in the triangle formed by the 60th parallel of latitude, the Slave River, and Lake Athabasca. Most of this area is in northwestern Alberta, some in Saskatchewan, and a small portion in the Northwest Territories. It is rocky country abounding in lakes of all shapes and sizes up to twenty miles in length, some of them of great beauty. Stony stretches occur here and there, and forest trees have kept the timber scarce. The lakes make ideal landing places for the types of flying boats used in the work of aerial photographic surveying.

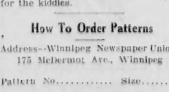
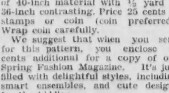
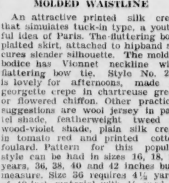
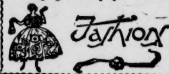
The party engaged in this work left Winnipeg by airplane on July 25, and on August 4 alighted in the harbor of Chipewyan. On August 9 the plane used for taking the photographs flew to Fitzgerald, from which point the work was carried on for the remainder of the season. Northwestward interference from smoke, by September 7 about 4,600 square miles of territory had been covered, thus filling in another space previously left blank on our maps.

Young Canadians

Invigorating Nationalization Force Building Up Canadian Citizenship

And who are these young Canadians? They come, in the West, from many sources. Examine the five candidates in the Calgary district electoral contest. One was born in Canada, one in England, one in Russia, one in Romania, and one in Lithuania. In Edmonton, one of French, one of Scottish and a third of German extraction. It will be seen that the young Canadians, gained by these youngsters, by their parents, by their fellow-students and by the audience which hear them in their orations, will be an invigorating nationalizing force from year to year, increasing in its scope and influence. This, then, is the most important objective—Calgary Herald.

Winnipeg Newspaper Union



Durum Wheats in Manitoba

About Fifty Per Cent Of Wheat Grown Is Of Durum Variety

Tests in the growing of different varieties of wheat have been carried on by the Department of Agriculture, at Ottawa, in the province of Manitoba. The work has been done by the experimental farm at Brandon, and has shown that the Durum varieties are apparently making some headway for the present at least over the broad-making varieties of wheat, particularly in the southwestern part of the province. Each year the growing of Durum wheat has been spreading farther and farther northward, and according to the superintendent farm at Brandon farm about fifty per cent of the wheat growing acreage in the province is devoted to the Durum varieties. The growing of Durum wheats has a disadvantage however in that the cost of harvesting and threshing is appreciably greater, due to the heavier crops of straw and the greater tendency of the crop to lodge. The favoured varieties of Durum are given in the report of the Department for last year, published by the Department of Agriculture, at Ottawa. Minidum and Kubanka, varieties that are sought by the trade on account of their amber colour.

Night-Planting In Germany

Backward Season Led Large Farms To Resort To Novel Practice

Wide-spread development of "night planting" in Germany has led agriculturists and officials to express the belief that the country's crops would not be impaired in spite of delayed sowing.

The exceptionally severe weather of last February, which affected all parts of Europe, hindered planting throughout Germany for a month to six weeks and caused fears that food shortages would result.

Larger farms resorted to days of 18 to 24 hours, using, however, high electric flood lights after dark. Although only 70,000 farms out of a total of 3,500,000 have been using night planting the acreage was proportionately greater since only the larger farms were able to follow the novel practice.

Winnipeg To Have Exhibition
Winnipeg ratemakers have approved the expenditure of \$850,000 by the city for an industrial and commercial exhibition here and showed by their votes that they preferred Kildonan, a suburb of the city for the site of the show.

Salt Bed in Canada
Salt, often in natural beds or in beds of rock salt, is found in every province in Canada. Commercial production, however, is confined to the provinces of Ontario, Nova Scotia and Alberta.

Joseph William Swan, an Englishman, took out the first patent for made artificial silk, in 1882, by squaring a pulp of wood and cotton through small holes.

YOUNG AMBASSADOR RETURNS TO CANADA



Fired by the results achieved by a Welsh grocer's assistant, who took up farming in Canada, and whom he visited, Frederick Thomas Mac, aged twenty, a member of the Young Ambassador's Party that toured Canada last summer, decided to do likewise. He has completed a correspondence course in Canadian farming conducted by the Canadian National Railways, and arrived in Halifax recently on the Cunard liner "Anania."



PATRICK BURNS.

Patrick Burns, of Calgary, outstanding figure in western range and ranch life of Western Canada for many years, and founder of the great packing business which bears his name, is here seen on the steps of the Empress Hotel at Victoria, during a recent trip to the coast.

Canada's Copper Industry

New Discovery Will Add To Annual Output Of About \$10,000,000

The discovery of important copper deposits in the Rainy area of western Quebec; at the Frood and Frood Extension copper-copper mines and at the Kerrington zinc-copper mines in the Sudbury district, Ontario; the successful development work in progress at the Flin Flon and Sherritt Gordon mines in The Pas District, northern Manitoba; the additions to plant equipment at Argos, Britannia, Beach, and Copper Mountain, and the successful results obtained at the Coast Copper property on Quatsino Sound in British Columbia, are all new factors likely to make a substantial increase to the Canadian production of copper.

Distance Of The Sun

A New Method Is Found For Determining The Distance

A new method of determining the distance of the sun suggested by the Dominion Observatory, Ottawa, depends on three accurately known measurements: the velocity of light, the wave-lengths of spectrum lines, and the shape of the Earth's orbit. Daily observations of the spectrum of the sun's centre with a constant comparison spectrum have been made for years, and preliminary measurements indicate promising results.

Many birds made for life and many kept within sight and hearing of the mate year in and year out. The well-known physician, minister, or lawyer can now take 25,000 words.

Trying To Obtain Reliable Data To Assist In Forecasting With Accuracy Weather Conditions

Ornamental Hedges

Over One Hundred Species Have Been Tried Out

For dividing lines between properties or separating parts of the home grounds, living hedges are often more suitable than walls or fences. There are many plants suitable for hedging purposes and most of these have been well tested at the Central Experimental Farm, at Ottawa, where there are no less than eighty-four hedges of sufficient length to make reliable comparisons. In testing hedge plants at the central farm about one hundred and twenty species of trees and shrubs have been tried out. Many of these have proved unsuitable. The hedges at the experimental farm are of different heights and include both deciduous and evergreen varieties. These, as well as the method of their cultivation and care are described in Bulletin No. 88, published by the Department of Agriculture, at Ottawa, and entitled "Ornamental Trees, Shrubs and Wood Climbers." Field positions where tall hedges are desired the Siberian Elm has proved satisfactory as have also the Honey Locust, the Common Locust, and some of the Birches. For tall evergreen hedges the Douglas Fir and the Norway Spruce are recommended, while for low green hedges the American Arborvitae is very desirable. For deciduous hedges of medium height the Alder Buckthorn, the Wayfaring Tree and the Woody Canadiana make good effects, while the Japanese Barberry, the Dogwood, and the Red Cedar, where low growing hedges are desired. The author of the bulletin, Mr. T. M. Aldrich, the Dominion Horticulturist, observes that the shape of hedge that has been found most pleasing to the eye and at the same time most effective in retaining alive almost or quite to the ground, is one with the broadest part of the base of the ground, gradually narrowing towards the top and the top being rounded instead of being pruned to a sharp point.

Alberta Mineral Production

Amounts To Nearly 12 Per Cent Of The Total For The Dominion

According to a statement of the Provincial Minister of Agriculture, mineral production during the year 1928 in the Province of Alberta, reached a total value of \$22,567,784, a new high record, and 11.84 per cent of the total for the Dominion. Among the larger items contributing to the list are Coal, \$22,512,081; Oil and Gas, \$1,787,507; Clay products and brick \$1,586,566, and cement, \$1,586,566, and gravel \$2,187,130. The report indicates that the natural gas produced in the province contributed 62.9 per cent of the total for the Dominion, in volume, and 41 per cent of the value. Alberta's petroleum wells yielded 77 per cent of the Dominion volume and 86.8 per cent of the Dominion's value.

Province Has Saved Money

Policing Of Saskatchewan By Mounted Saves \$250,000 Annually

Enthusiastic approval of the way the Royal Canadian Mounted Police have handled the policing of Saskatchewan since they took over the entire work of the provincial police force disbanded last summer, was expressed by Hon. T. C. Davis, attorney-general for Saskatchewan, during an interview at Winnipeg. By doing away with the provincial police body the province was saving \$250,000 annually, Mr. Davis said. The saving would pay nearly the entire cost of old-age pensions, insofar as the province had to pay it.

The Columbia Ice-Field

The melting waters from the Columbia ice-field in Jasper National Park, Alberta, feed the sources of three of the largest and most historic rivers in the Canadian West—the Athabasca, the Saskatchewan, and the Columbia, which flow to three separate oceans.

Chromite In Canada

The principal chromite mines in Canada are situated in the Chelverton district, Quebec, and are regarded as capable of producing large quantities of ore.

Enemies are not esteemed as highly as they should be. An enemy never borrows money from you nor asks you to give his security.

Will the time ever come when it will be possible to forecast climatic conditions weeks or months in advance? We have weather forecasts galore. Among farmers, hunters, sailors and peasants, in almost every country, there are men who possess a stock of traditional knowledge based upon observation of nature, though not a little mixed with signs and auguries of a superstitious complexion. Thus, in Northwest Canada, if the snow falls early in autumn, a slight sprinkle, it will be followed by a spell of warm, dry weather. The Russian peasants say that when snow falls on frozen ground the following spring will be unusually cold. Everybody knows how the country folk in England believe that if the weather is cold with thick mists and a severe winter will ensue. And the past season would go a long way towards confirming the legend, similarly with the Arctic fishes migrate southwards and appear in the British Isles in great numbers. It is not, however, the sign the winter will be extraordinarily rigorous. Not to dwell upon the fact that thousands of people consult "Old Zola's Almanac" to have no small faith in this publication, it may not be generally known that the British Royal Meteorological Society, which has a large staff of scientific personnel, has a list of tales of plants and animals and year by year record their habits in connection with the weather conditions throughout the seasons. The conclusions reached in this most popular branch of the science of climatology are that the weather signs of long range are mere fallacies.

And all the vagueness and uncertainty prevailing upon this subject, the only fact well established in that all weather changes are primarily due to the influence of the sun. It has also been observed that in tropical lands the seasons are more regular and "settled" as regards weather variations than in the case in the temperate zones. Beyond these generalities, there is at present no reliable data, although many scientists are of opinion that the climatic changes experienced occur in cycles, corresponding with fluctuations in the atmosphere of the sun itself. Hence, the theory about sunspots, said to determine the complexion of the seasons, so that when these spots are at a minimum, mild winters and hot summers will prevail, and when at a maximum, hard winters and cool summers may be expected. It takes eleven years for the sun to develop to the full. Professor Brueckner, the Swiss meteorologist, though he discovered a wave-motion of larger measure, a cycle of forty-five, sixty or a hundred years. —Montreal Gazette.

Elite Stock Seed

Importance Of The Use Of Pure Seed Adapted To The Various Districts

In the great wheat growing areas of Western Canada the use of pure seed of varieties adapted to the various districts is of special importance. Investigations carried on by the Cereal Division of the Dominion Department of Agriculture, as well as by other institutions, indicate the need for the utmost attention to this matter. Indeed one of the most important and most pressing features of the work of the Cereal Division at present is that of developing Elite stock seed for Saskatchewan, which are registerable and which are in demand.

Plants are not stamens, but diseased growths or warms on the insides of some oysters.



How To Order Patterns

Address—Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

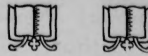
Name

Town

"At the office if I am too hot I'll sleep, but on holiday I must keep walking."—Hugues, Munich.



BEAUTY OF CANADA



Clean Up, Paint Up, Keep It Up --- Increases the Value of Your Property

THE SECRET of Skin and Hair Loveliness

In the regular daily use of **Cucur Soap** and the occasional use of **Cucur Ointment**, women everywhere have discovered the secret of natural beauty. The Soap, fragrance and pure, to cleanse, soothe, and soothe, and healing, to remove pimples and irritations. Soap 25c, Ointment 50c and 75c. Telcom 27c, Sample each free. Address: **Cucur Soap Co., Ltd., Montreal.**



WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Prince Henry of Prussia, brother of the former Kaiser, died recently of pneumonia.

Gora Ledovsky, a Viennese pianist, claimed a world record for continuous piano playing when he stopped seventy-five hours and fifty-five minutes after he began.

The German saint on reparations tends toward a new war, George Clemenceau, war time premier of France, said in an interview published in the Echo de Paris.

Financial conditions in the British West Indies are not very good at the present time, owing to the low price for sugar, according to Right Hon. T. A. Anglin, P.C., chief justice of Canada.

A special train recently carried 170 prisoners from Portsmouth penitentiary, Kingston, to penitentiaries at Western Canada. Several prisoners were assigned to the provincial penitentiary of Manitoba and others to Saskatchewan.

Ching Ming, King of China, was convicted on a charge of unlawfully importing opium into Canada, was sentenced to six years in the penitentiary by Mr. Justice D. A. MacLean, presiding at the spring session of the Naimano assizes.

An application by the Canadian attorney-general's representative to the privy council to fix June 17 as the date for hearing of an appeal concerning the validity of the Canadian fisheries act was opposed on behalf of the provinces of British Columbia and Quebec.

Peeved because of asserted rudeness by American immigration officials at Vancouver, B.C., Sir Rabindranath Tagore, noted Hindu poet and philosopher, decided to leave his ship, the liner Taiho Maru when he docked at San Francisco on route to Japan.

Increase in Gold Supply

Was Greater By Sixty-One Million Than Amount Mined In 1928. Gold holdings in the United States at the end of 1928 were reported by the federal reserve board in the April issue of its bulletin to have been 37.6 per cent. of the world total, which amounted to \$9,981,000,000.

The total gold supply was compiled from reports transmitted to the board from 40 countries and shows that the increase in gold of \$466,000,000 in a year was greater than the amount of gold mined during the year by about \$61,000,000. The increase was made, the report said, even though about \$80,000,000 was absorbed by Great Britain and other unknown amount taken away for industrial consumption.

The tones of an average man weigh twenty-five pounds.



When Pain Comes

What many people call indigestion, very often means excess acid in the stomach. The stomach nerves have been over-stimulated, and food sour. The corrective is in an alkaline, gentle, naturalizes acids instantly. And the best alkali known to medical science is **Phillips' Milk of Magnesia**. It has remained the standard with physicians for 50 years since its invention. One spoonful of this harmless,

effervescent alkali in water will neutralize instantly many times as much acid, and the symptoms disappear at once. You will never use crude medicine when once you learn the efficiency of this. Go get a small bottle to try. Be sure to get the genuine **Phillips' Milk of Magnesia** prescribed by physicians for 50 years in correcting excess acids. Each bottle contains full directions—any drugstore.

Airplane On Submarine

Big Innovation Has Been Added To Italy's Newest Craft

Italy's largest and best equipped submarine, the *Franco Tosi*, has been launched at the dockyard at Taranto, Italy. The submarine has two 3,000 horsepower Diesel engines of special design which can be used separately or together, and which give a surface speed of 10 miles an hour. Two electric motors of 1,000 horsepower each propel the submarine at a speed of ten miles an hour under water.

The submarine's artillery is one anti-aircraft gun and several machine guns. The submarine is to carry a seaplane in a large tub adjoining the turret, a big innovation in submarine technique. The tube is able to resist over 300-foot deep water pressure.

THESE SIMPLE RULES MAKE TEETHING EASY

Be careful of Baby's diet during teething. Do not overfeed him. Watch his stomach and bowels and at the first sign of indigestion, gas or constipation, give him a few drops of **Harris' Teething Tablets**. These simple rules are making teething easy on millions of babies—and mothers, too. For over thirty years *Cocoria* has been the trusted standby of mothers everywhere. It soothes, weakens, cures babies to sleep quickly and easily—and it's purely-vegetable so you can give it as often as needed. It does the work of castor oil better and more gently. For more information, the bottle of genuine *Cocoria* always bears the Fletcher signature.

Draws Attention To Peace, River District

Has Room For 2,000,000 People Says Major-General McTear. Major-General A. D. McTear will again draw the attention of parliament to the colonizing possibilities of the Peace River country. His visit to that area last year has now been confirmed his previously expressed opinion that 2,000,000 people can find homes for 400,000 farms of 240 acres each. General McTear will urge greater railway facilities, modern methods of preparation of scrub land, and a national colonization and settlement policy extending over ten years.

Minerals In Alberta

Alberta is famous for its vast resources of coal, for the rapid development of its oil and gas resources, and for the extent of its unique deposits of bituminous sands.

The oldest steamship in the world is said to be the barge "Constance," built in 1723, and now in use as a training ship at Copenhagen.

Canada's Forest Products

One freight car in every six in Canada is loaded with forest products.



These are youthful British settlers coming under the auspices of the British Immigration and Colonization Association. They are seen listening to a few words of welcome before they landed in Canada this spring from the Anchor-Donalson Liner "Athenia."

Soldiers' Settlement On Farm Loans

21,300 Veterans Have Been Settled

Veterans of the battle of 1916 have been settled on farm lands, with and without loans, under the Soldiers' Settlement Act, according to a report tabled in the House of Commons. No fewer than 6,652 of these men established themselves without financial assistance from the Government. More than 6,000,000 acres in all, at an average price of \$10 per acre, have been bought or homesteaded by the State.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON MAY 5

WHAT HILKIAH FOUND IN THE TEMPLE

Golden Text: "Thy word is a lamp unto my feet, and light unto my path." Psalm 119:105. Lesson: 2 Chronicles 34:1-33. Devotional Reading: Psalm 107:1-4.

Explanations and Comments

The Temple Repaired Which Led To The Finding Of The Book Of The Law, verses 3:1-5. When twenty-six years of age, Josiah turned his attention to the ruined temple and had it repaired. He placed in charge of the work the governor of Jerusalem, the official secretary and the official historian. They handed over to Hilkiah, long high priest, the money which the people brought to the temple and gave to the Levites who were appointed to receive it. The overseers were Levites; other Levites encouraged the workers with music; yet other Levites were scribes and officers and porters. The work was done faithfully and progressed rapidly.

The Finding Of The Book Of The Law, verses 14:1-6. During the work upon the book of the law of Jehovah found by Hilkiah, the priest found the book of the law of Moses. This is believed to have been the legal portions (chapters twelve to twenty-six, and chapters twenty-eight to thirty) of the Deuteronomy, which calls itself "The Book of the Law" and also "The Book of the Covenant." Some scholars believe that this had been long known, but had been forgotten during the idolatrous reigns of Manasseh and Amon. Hilkiah found the copy in the temple and read it to Josiah for the first time. Others hold that it was a new and enlarged edition of the Book of the Covenant prepared by the king at the times, and brought forth now because Josiah was a faithful king and would enforce its decrees." Dr. George Adam Smith points out that it is precisely from a line onward that the style and phraseology which are characteristic of the Deuteronomy begin to affect the literature of Israel.

The Effect Upon Josiah Of The Reading Of The Book Of The Law, verses 19:1-21. After telling the king that the work upon the temple was progressing well, the money having been given to the overseers and the workmen put on work, Shaphan spoke about the newly discovered book and read it aloud the entire roll, according to the command of the king. The words the king read his robes in token of his troubled mind. "For," he said, "great is God's wrath against us, because our fathers have not done as all these words command." If we would see the effect the book must

have had upon the susceptible soul of Josiah, we are advised to read chapters 22-26 of Deuteronomy ourselves with Josiah and his lines in mind. The book contains explicit directions as to worship and conduct, and the penalty of national disobedience decreed was the loss of home and country. "For many generations warnings and precepts abide upon the tablets, and when the day of doom should come, the sins of the fathers also would be visited upon the children. Could the doom be averted by speedy and complete obedience and penitence?"

"It is not enough to read our Bible. Its messages must be heeded. Learn and observe these words found in an old Bible! When thou readest what here is writ, let it be best practice secondly: So twice each precept read shall be."

First in your books and next in thee.

The Care Of Books

Many women who take beautiful care of their clothing and their kitchen utensils, their linen closets and their refrigerators, are careless about those choicest treasures of the home—the books. We are all apt to stick away idle in bookcases or on open shelves and forget all about them except to whisk an occasional dusting along the fronts of the shelves.

Books need just as much care as fur, household linens, and fine leather shoes, if they are to enjoy long life and keep their shape and their freshness. Dust accumulates on book shelves almost more quickly than anywhere else in the house, or at least it seems to, perhaps because there are so many edges exposed to the sweeping dust particles.

The light wool or feather duster should be used daily, and, at least once a month, every book in the house should have individual care. Turn it down and wipe off the cover and the tops and sides of the pages. Many little-used books have a yellowed edge of dust along each page, which could be avoided if they were wiped off frequently. If you have choice leather-bound books in your collection, and if you have a cat, or morocco, give them a light coating of pure neatfoot oil once a year, to preserve the leather.

Keep all books out of the direct rays of the sun. This dries out the glue and tends to loosen the binding and will dimly fade all the illustrations and the covers. Another way to keep books in good condition is to see that they stand upright at all times, whether between the book ends or on the shelves. A book tipped sideways gets its covers pushed out of shape and tends to come apart. If books do not support each other by standing close together, a small Japanese book end may be inserted here and there on the shelves.

The way a new book is opened has much to do with its future health. By opening a few pages at a time and gently pressing them back, the books will not be broken nor will the glue and the stitching be strained. A

book that is grabbed and cracked open violently may be permanently injured.

Make Your Priming Coat

By a primary coat is meant the first, or primary, coat of paint or varnish of various surface of wood, metal or plaster. The first object of the priming coat is to stop most of the suction, present to a great extent in wood and plaster, so that the finishing coats will stand out with a uniform degree of gloss, and in the case of flat-wall paint, with a uniform degree of flatness.

In this connection, please note that no such uniformity can be obtained until the porous nature of the surface, or suction, has been satisfied. In the case of metal surfaces the degree of suction, or porosity, is far less noticeable; therefore, such surfaces will naturally call for a different priming treatment. The second object to be aimed at in the first class priming coat is a proper degree of penetration of the face, so that the paint will to the greatest possible extent become a part of the surface—not merely a mere pigment and oil spread out on top of, and insecurely bound to, the surface.

Hearing these objects in mind, the salesman will readily understand that a thick priming coat cannot possibly be a good priming coat. Why? Take the first object outlined above. If a thick priming coat is applied on wood or plaster the porous nature of the surface will suck away most of the oil from the paint, which, mind you, needs just this quota of oil to bind it and form a good film. The result is, that instead of having stopped the suction, you have merely superimposed another surface, porous in nature because it has been deprived of too much oil and insecurely bound to the surface for the same reason—and that is a good deal of profit from under our second support—the second object.

So we arrive at the natural and logical conclusion that priming coats on wood and plaster must be thin coats—it is almost impossible to get them too thin. If a priming coat can be said to be too thin, such a claim

can only be advanced from the covering or hiding viewpoint—a defect which can be easily remedied by an additional coat. But if too thick a priming coat is applied, a dozen coats will not cover up the blunder, because it will be exposed by the almost inevitable result—peeling of the paint from the surface.

When in doubt—this priming coats.

Literature On Farming

Some Must Turn Dear Ear To Educational Matter Supplied

When one reads of the poor methods that are used in farming by a number of men who are engaged in that profession, one is tempted to wonder whether the enormous mass of educational matter that is being run from presses and the multi-graphs by the department of agriculture, reaching the proper quarters, or whether the farmer turns a deaf ear to the good advice and goes on with his dirty seed, his scrub herd, his runty shoats and his unprofitable poultry run, out of sheer cussedness.

Tallest Building

Construction has begun on the Marine Building in Vancouver, which, when completed, will be the tallest building in Canada west of Toronto, towering 18 stories above the northwest corner of Burrard and Hastings Streets.

Dean (to Frosh): "Do you know who I am?" Frosh: "No, I don't, but if you can remember your address, I'll take you home."

"Have faith in your fellow man," says a paragraphist. But be sure you get his signature on the dotted line.



MY FIRST CHOICE

because it's Absolutely Pure—Covers More—Looks Better—LASTS LONGER

THE J. H. ASHOWN HARDWARE CO. LIMITED

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Is Your Protection

When Buying Bleached and Unbleached Cottons, Cottonades, Hosiery, Duck, Ticking or Flannel

GAULTS LIMITED

Winnipeg

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Alabastine

WILL NOT Rub off

The permanent finish of Alabastine becomes a part of the wall.

Opaline and further effects easily attained. Mites in hot or cold water. Applied without streaking. Will not rub off.

Use a soft bristle brush.

CHURCH'S NOT-COLD-WATER Alabastine

W. N. U. 1783

You've seen it Now drive it

NOW that you've seen the Outstanding Chevrolet with its beautiful Body by Fisher . . . its smart, stylish colorings . . . its racy, graceful lines . . . we want you to DRIVE it. For, not till you sit at the wheel and drive, can you appreciate the marvelous six-cylinder smoothness, the flashing acceleration, the abundant reserve of power, the amazing ease of control and the delightful riding comfort that have been built into this sensational new automobile. Come in today. We have a car waiting for you to drive. 6-27-20

The Outstanding CHEVROLET OF CHEVROLET HISTORY

W. S. Marshall

Oyen - Alberta Phone 37

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Second Sheets
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Ribbons
Erasers etc.

The Oyen News

George J. Benbow
PIANIST and TEACHER

Last year's pupils 100 per cent pass.
Enquire at
D. McKay's residence, 2nd Avenue

Frank Evans
Painter, Paperhanger and Decorator
Country orders solicited
Oyen - Alberta
(at J. B. Lowe's)

About Town and Country

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Grant, who have been spending a holiday at the home of the former's parents, returned to Oyen for a few days visit, last Monday.

Mrs. C. S. Wright is teaching at Springburn School for a few days taking the place of her daughter who is temporarily incapacitated for duty by an attack of laryngitis.

Mr. Arthur Anderson was a town visitor Monday and yesterday, motoring here from his home in Stumore. He is still going around on crutches as a result of the broken leg he sustained last fall.

After being on the sick list for three weeks, Mrs. A. C. Robinson resumed her duties on the teaching staff at Oyen school, last Friday afternoon.

Seeding operations became general in the district during the last week. Some of the earlier sown wheat is now up. Excellent weather conditions prevail, and spring work is going on uninterceptedly.

Mr. and Mrs. Claus Hoblen of Chinook, who have been spending the winter months in the States, recently returned to their home, accompanied by Mr. Art. Malphord of Hecla, S.D. They were guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Gripp last week. Mr. Hoblen expressed the opinion that general prosperity was much more in evidence among Canadian farmers than it was with the farmers south of the line.

Mr. and Mrs. G. S. Peck left last Saturday en route to the old country where they will spend a two months vacation. They intend to stop over at Huntingdon, Que., to visit their son and daughter-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Peck.

Mr. S. A. Miller was a business visitor in Calgary last Thursday and Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. George Kunrath of Oakes, N.D., are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Gripp. Mrs. Kunrath is Mrs. Gripp's sister.

The motion picture show "Wild Geese" adapted from the prize winning novel by Martha Ostenso, will be shown at Oyen Theatre, on Wednesday, May 8, under the auspices of the Ladies Aid.

Dr. and Mrs. W. D. McPhail and daughter Jean of Kindersley, were Oyen visitors last Sunday.

Mr. William Desmond, of Glidden, Sask., was a week-end visitor in Oyen.

Mrs. J. C. Desso, who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. H. Hancock, in Edmonton, returned to Oyen last Friday.

Mrs. John Oezust and family left yesterday for Beaver Lodge, Alta., where they will make their home.

Don't forget the dance tonight under the auspices of Oyen Tennis Club.

Invest In Sleep Comfort

A full size bed with 2 inch continuous posts in the popular walnut finish, complete with springs and mattress

\$26.00

White Paint

We carry in stock 100 per cent pure white paint selling at \$5.75 per gallon.

London Floor Wax

For Floors—Furniture—Woodwork
Linoleums—Automobiles etc.
50 cents per 1 lb. tin.

Kerr Hardware

PHONE 4 - OYEN

Blacksmithing and Acetylene Welding

Just arrived, car of blacksmith coal fresh from the mine. Cannot be equaled in district. \$2.00 per hundred pounds. Procure your supply from Kerr Hardware or the Blacksmith shop. A complete line of bar steel always on hand. We are agents for the Famous Crescent Shares. (None better—Ask the man who uses them.)

Blacksmithing and Acetylene Welding done on a cash basis only.

Jim Lees - Oyen



Here are the Facts!

READ THEM

Many people buy without investigation of facts and on snap or emotional judgment. Every year it is estimated a million car buyers change their ideas on their car after they have had it six months. Consider the following facts before purchasing your next car—and then decide for yourself which car offers the most value for the money.

1. Do you know that no car under \$2,000 outside of Ford is putting on Houdaille Double Acting Hydraulic Shock Absorbers as standard equipment?
2. That no car under \$1,500 except Ford has triplex shatterproof windshield glass as standard equipment?
3. That Ford is the only car under Buick with three-quarter floating axle.
4. That Ford is the only car under Buick with Torque tube and Radius drive construction.
5. Ford is the only car under \$1,500 with five-bearing transmission.
6. That the New Ford has 25 roller and ball bearings in its axle.
7. Ford is the only car under \$1,500 with three-quarter irreversible steering system.
8. That Ford is one of few cars built today that has five-spoke wire wheels as standard equipment.
9. That Ford is the only car under highest priced cars with silent six brake, internal expanding all-enclosed system.
10. That wrist pins in motor are machined to .0002 and are of full floating type.
11. That aluminum alloy pistons are balanced to an accuracy of two grains. This is the finest balance of any piston in any car regardless of cost.
12. That when car is traveling 50 miles per hour—the revolutions per minute of motor is only 2053.
13. That gear ratio of new Ford is 3.7.
14. That the actual road clearance of New Ford is 9½ inches—highest of any American stock car.
15. That New Ford car has proven itself in public hands this past year as one of the finest performing cars ever built—from standpoint of pickup, hill-climbing ability, speed and riding comfort.
16. That the New Ford car has proven itself beyond any doubt as the most wonderful winter car ever built. It starts easily in cold weather and bucks snow beyond belief—ask the owners.
17. That service and dealer responsibility behind the New Ford is unequalled by that of any other car built.
18. That New Ford holds the road at high speeds as good as cars being sold at highest prices.
19. Lastly—That the New Ford stands out supreme in its field—in mechanical design, specifications, equipment, quality, and precision workmanship.

THESE FACTS SPEAK FOR THEMSELVES

All new models now on display

Chas. P. Snyder - Oyen

Ford Sales and Service

Phone 3

Babies or Flies, Which?

The above arresting title to a brief but very telling little pamphlet issued by the Metropolitan Life Insurance Co., gives a very real meaning to the "Clean Up" week which is being urged on all communities at this season.

Filth and garbage of all kinds accumulate during the winter months. With the coming of the warm days the house fly appears. It is born in filth, lives in filth and when not busy on butter, milk, preserves or the baby's bottles, is feeding in filth.

It is estimated that the flies are responsible for more deaths than any single known disease. Babies are its particular prey since the infantile diseases are carried largely by the pest. Got rid of it by cleaning up all filth and garbage. Make a habit of burning all refuse. Give it no chance to breed. Screen doors and windows at the first hint of warm weather. Two flies at the beginning of the season will be responsible if allowed to live, for millions of other flies, they breed so rapidly. So clean up, burn up and screen doors and windows. Is it to be flies or babies? The choice is yours.

For literature on the summer care of babies send to the Canadian Red Cross Society, 307 Civic Block, Edmonton, Alta.